TRUNCATION GUIDE

What is truncation?

Using some symbol, truncation can shorten a keyword so that it will match all terms starting with the same stem. A wild card symbol replaces a letter or letters within the word or at the end.

e.g.: Therap* matches therapy, therapies, therapeutics, therapist, etc. Or, colo#r matches color or colour.

Truncators and wild cards vary depending on the database you are searching. Use the chart below to determine which symbol you need

Types of Truncation

<u>Unlimited</u>: find all words containing the root word *addict*\$ = addict, addicts, addicted, addiction, addictions, etc.

<u>Limited</u>: find all words containing the root word up to a specific number of characters dog\$1 = dog and dogs, but not dogma

<u>One or no character</u>: find the British spelling, plurals, past tense *orthop?edics* = orthopedics or orthopaedics *exercise?* = exercise, exercises, exercised, exerciser

<u>Single character</u>: find irregular plurals, variations in names wom#n= woman or women All#n = Allen or Allan or Allyn

Database	Symbol
Cochrane Library (automatically "stems" search terms)	? exactly one character
	* one or more characters
Ebsco <i>Host</i> suite of databases	? exactly one character (can be used multiple times in a word)
	* any number of characters
	# one or no characters
INNOPAC (library catalog)	? exactly one character
	* any number of characters
Ovid	\$ any number of characters (limited)
	* any number of characters (unlimited)
	# exactly one character
	? one or no characters
PubMed	* any number of characters
ScienceDirect	? exactly one character
	* any number of characters
Scopus	* any number of characters
	? exactly one character